

United States Department of Agriculture

BUREAU OF BIOLOGICAL SURVEY

SERVICE AND REGULATORY ANNOUNCEMENTS

LAWS AND REGULATIONS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION
OF THE WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE,
OKLAHOMA

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REGULATIONS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF WICHITA MOUNTAINS
WILDLIFE REFUGE, OKLAHOMA

By virtue of authority conferred upon the Secretary of Agriculture by section 10 of the act of February 18, 1929 (45 Stat. 1222), section 84 of the act of March 4, 1909 (35 Stat. 1104), as amended by act of April 15, 1924 (43 Stat. 98), to protect wildlife and property on Federal reservations, the act of January 24, 1905 (33 Stat. 614), and otherwise, the following regulations are hereby prescribed, effective December 2, 1936, for the administration of the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge, Oklahoma.

Regulation 1.—Entry Upon the Refuge

Entry upon the refuge unless otherwise provided shall be only under appropriate permit issued for the purpose, except that permits will not be required of any person—

For admission to the headquarters of the superintendent when entry and departure are by the usual line of travel;

For through traffic and travel on the main highways under the conditions and restrictions hereinafter set forth;

For access to any part of the refuge when accompanied by the superintendent or his authorized representative;

For entry and temporary use for recreational or other appropriate purposes of any camp site or other area specifically designated for the use of the public so long as such use and occupancy is in accordance with these regulations and does not interfere with the purpose for which the refuge was established.

Regulation 2.—Recreational Areas

The following areas are hereby designated as recreational areas for the use of the public in which camping, hiking, bathing, and fishing are permitted in accordance with these regulations:

All that part of the refuge including reservoirs and lakes lying south of and including the Scenic Highway, which runs in a general northwesterly and

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U.S. DEPOSITORY

southeasterly direction through the southern half of the refuge and enters and leaves the refuge in section 9, T. 3 N., R. 13 W., on the northwest and in section 24, T. 3 N., R. 14 W., on the southeast; Lake Jed Johnson, part of Lake Rush, and the Easter pageant areas, located in parts of sections 17, 18, 7, and 8, T. 3 N., R. 13 W., the Mount Scott scenic drive, the Mount Scott camp ground, and Lake Thomas areas in parts of sections 11, 12, 13, and 14, T. 3 N., R. 13 W., as designated and marked by the superintendent of the refuge; and all main-traveled roads leading thereto: *Provided*, That bathing will not be permitted in French Lake or in the so-called fish-cultural lakes extending from the Scenic Highway near headquarters to the upper end of Lost Lake on Lower West Cache Creek, and fish may be taken only from such waters within such areas as may be designated for fishing as hereinafter provided: *Provided further*, That the superintendent will designate and mark the limits of all camp grounds within the recreational areas to which camping shall be confined, and no camps shall be established or fires built at places other than such designated sites.

Camping.—(a) No camping will be permitted outside specially designated camp areas, and overnight camping is specifically forbidden for more than 7 consecutive days without special permit of the superintendent. (b) Campers shall at all times maintain the camp site occupied by them in a clean and sanitary condition, and must burn combustible rubbish on camp fires and place all other garbage and refuse in receptacles provided for that purpose; and dumping or placing garbage or other refuse or debris by any person on any camp site or other part of the refuge or the abandonment of personal property thereon is not permitted. (c) Campers shall not wash clothing or cooking utensils in any waters of the refuge, or pollute these waters in any other manner, and shall dispose of all waste water in such way as not to contaminate refuge waters. (d) Campers shall completely extinguish camp fires when no longer needed and shall smother with earth or extinguish with water all embers so that there shall be no danger of rekindling; special care must be observed to prevent lighted matches, cigars, cigarettes, or pipe ashes from being dropped in grass or other inflammable material.

Bathing.—(a) Bathing will be permitted only in the reservoirs or lakes hereinbefore designated. (b) Where bath houses are furnished for the use of the public the users thereof will assume full responsibility for lost or stolen articles. (c) Bathing will be permitted in designated waters each day from May 1 to September 15, of each year, during the hours from daylight to dark, except at Quanah Parker, Burford, and Sunset Lakes, where bathing will be permitted each day until midnight: *Provided*, That the superintendent may suspend bathing privileges for such period as he deems necessary in any reservoir or lake when, in his opinion, an emergency exists, or when such bathing is not compatible with the administration of the refuge.

Fishing.—Fish may be taken for noncommercial purposes from designated reservoirs or lakes of the refuge under permit issued by the superintendent in accordance with the laws of the State of Oklahoma during such times, in such numbers, in such manner, and at such rate of charge, if any, as the Chief, Bureau of Biological Survey, may from time to time determine to be appropriate: *Provided*, That the use of live bait in taking or attempting to take fish or seining of minnows for bait in any of the waters of the refuge is prohibited: *And provided further*, That no live fish, frogs, or turtles taken elsewhere shall be liberated in the waters of the refuge without a permit from the Chief, Bureau of Biological Survey, except that permit is not required for planting game or food fish or game or food fish fry by or under the direction of the State Fish and Game Warden of Oklahoma or the United States Bureau of Fisheries.

Regulation 3.¹—Disorderly Conduct

Disturbance of the peace or disorderly conduct of any character or nature is prohibited at all times on the refuge, and no person who is visibly intoxicated will be permitted to enter or be upon the refuge. Any violation of this regulation shall invalidate the original permission accorded the offender to enter and be upon the refuge, and he shall leave the refuge as directed by the superintendent or his authorized representative, and failing to do so his presence on the area after such notice or direction shall constitute a continuous trespass for the purpose of the enforcement of these regulations and will subject him to eviction from the refuge, or to arrest and prosecution, or both.

¹ Added by order of the Secretary of Agriculture, dated Jan. 19, 1937.

Regulation 4.—Motor Vehicles

Automobiles and other motor-propelled vehicles entering the refuge shall be mechanically safe and in good operating condition and shall be operated in accordance with the following conditions and restrictions:

Such vehicles shall be confined to highways, roads, camp grounds, and parking areas designated for travel and public use and shall be so operated as to be under safe control at all times; the speed shall be kept within such limits as may be necessary to avoid accidents, or injury to wild animals or birds on the refuge; the speed of automobiles and other motor-propelled vehicles, except cars used by Government officials in case of emergency or in law enforcement work on the refuge, is limited to 35 miles an hour on all roads, highways, and designated routes within the refuge except at specific points so designated, where a different limit may be determined by the superintendent to be in the interest of safety. The operation of motor-propelled vehicles within the refuge shall conform to the laws of the State of Oklahoma governing the operation of such vehicles except where further restricted by or under this regulation. Drivers of all vehicles shall comply with directions of all official traffic signs and the personal direction of the superintendent or his authorized representative when directing traffic within the refuge on any special occasion or under congested traffic conditions. No person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor shall operate or drive a motor-propelled vehicle of any kind on any road or highway or in any other part of the refuge. Any violation of traffic regulations within the refuge shall invalidate the original permission accorded the offender to enter the refuge and he shall remove his vehicle from and personally leave the refuge as directed by the superintendent or his authorized representative, and his presence on the area shall be deemed a continuous trespass for the purpose of enforcement of these regulations and will subject him to ejection from the refuge or to arrest and prosecution, or both, and each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

Regulation 5.—Preservation of Public Property and Natural Features

The destruction, injury, defacement, removal, or disturbance in any manner of any building, notice, sign, signboard, equipment, fence, post, road, trail, dike, dike embankment, dam, bridge, fireplace, grate, table, bench, camp equipment, or of any other public property of any kind; or of any tree, flower, vegetation, rock, or soil; or of any animal, bird, or other form of wildlife is prohibited, and any offender of the acts herein forbidden shall be subject to the penalties provided by law.

Regulation 6.—Scientific Studies

Entry upon the refuge for scientific study, for taking photographs thereon, or for other like purposes, when not inconsistent with the objects for which the refuge was established, may be allowed under permit and under such conditions as may be prescribed by the superintendent.

Regulation 7.—Removal of Surplus and Injurious Objects

The removal of surplus or injurious animal life or other products of the refuge and the disposal thereof in accordance with law, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Agriculture, shall be made by the superintendent under the direction of the Chief, Bureau of Biological Survey.

Regulation 8.—Domestic Animals

The ranging or grazing of cattle or other domestic stock upon the refuge, the running at large or release of dogs or cats thereon, or allowing the entry of any such animals upon the refuge for any purpose except as specifically authorized under these regulations, is not permitted.

Regulation 9.—Economic Utilization of Resources

Permits to graze livestock, harvest hay or stock feed, remove timber or firewood, occupy or cultivate areas, use any materials of commercial value, or make other use of the refuge not inconsistent with its objects may be issued

by the superintendent under such conditions as may be deemed appropriate, and at such rates of charge, if any, as may be ascertained and determined to be commensurate with the value of the privilege granted, by the Chief, Bureau of Biological Survey. Any domestic animal grazed on or using the refuge under permit that may die on the refuge shall be buried immediately by the owner or person having charge of such animal, at least 2 feet under ground and not less than one-fourth mile from any road, trail, highway, camp site, or occupied area as directed by the superintendent or his authorized representative.

Regulation 10.—Application for Permits

Applications for permits shall be made in writing, addressed to the superintendent of the refuge, when the permits are authorized to be issued by him; otherwise to the Chief, Bureau of Biological Survey, Washington, D. C.

Regulation 11.—Private Operations and Advertising

No person, firm, or corporation shall engage in or solicit any business or erect buildings within the refuge without a permit issued by the superintendent upon such conditions and at such rates of charge, if any, as may be ascertained and determined by the Chief, Bureau of Biological Survey. Private notices or advertisements may not be posted, distributed, or displayed within the boundaries of the refuge, except that this prohibition shall not apply to names, addresses, and business designations of a permanent nature regularly carried on trucks, business automobiles, or other vehicles.

Regulation 12.—Firearms

Carrying, possessing, or discharging firearms on the refuge is not permitted: *Provided*, That the superintendent and other employees of the Department of Agriculture engaged in law enforcement or predator or rodent control may carry and use firearms on the refuge in the performance of official duties; *Provided further*, That persons authorized by permit of the Secretary of Agriculture, countersigned by the Chief, Bureau of Biological Survey, to take specimens of wildlife for scientific purposes on the refuge may use firearms when necessary in collecting such specimens. Persons crossing the refuge may carry or transport unloaded, dismantled, or cased firearms over regularly established routes of travel.

Regulation 13.—Exhibition and Revocation of Permits

The holder of a permit shall exhibit it for inspection at any reasonable time upon request of any officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture engaged in the administration or enforcement of any law or regulation applicable to the refuge. A permit may be terminated at any time by agreement between the superintendent and the permittee; it may be revoked by the Chief, Bureau of Biological Survey, for noncompliance with the terms thereof or of these regulations, for nonuse, or for violation of any law, regulation, or order applicable to the refuge, or for violation of any State or Federal law protecting wildlife or the nests or eggs of birds; and it is subject at all times to discretionary revocation by the Secretary of Agriculture.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the official seal of the United States Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, this 2d day of December 1936.

[SEAL]

H. A. WALLACE, *Secretary of Agriculture*.

LAW PROTECTING WILD ANIMALS AND BIRDS AND THEIR EGGS AND GOVERNMENT PROPERTY ON FEDERAL REFUGES

[U. S. Code, title 18, Criminal Code and Criminal Procedure]

SEC. 145. Whoever shall hunt, trap, capture, willfully disturb, or kill any bird or wild animal of any kind whatever, or take or destroy the eggs of any such bird on any lands of the United States which have been set apart or reserved

as refuges or breeding grounds for such birds or animals by any law, proclamation, or Executive order, except under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of Agriculture may, from time to time, prescribe, or who shall willfully injure, molest, or destroy any property of the United States on any such lands shall be fined not more than \$500, or imprisoned not more than six months, or both. (Sec. 84, act of Mar. 4, 1909, as amended Apr. 15, 1924, 43 Stat. 98.)

EXTRACT FROM THE MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION ACT

[U. S. Code, Title 16, Conservation]

SEC. 715i. That no person shall knowingly disturb, injure, or destroy any notice, signboard, fence, building, ditch, dam, dike embankment, flume, spillway, or other improvement or property of the United States on any area acquired under this act, or cut, burn, or destroy any timber, grass, or other natural growth on said area or on any area of the United States which heretofore has been or which hereafter may be set apart or reserved for the use of the Department of Agriculture as a game refuge or as a preserve of reservation and breeding ground for native birds, under any law, proclamation, or Executive order, or occupy or use any part thereof, or enter thereon for any purpose, except in accordance with regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture . . . (Sec 10, act of Feb. 18, 1929, 45 Stat. 1222.)

ACT REGULATING FIRES ON PUBLIC DOMAIN

[U. S. Code, title 18, Criminal Code and Criminal Procedure]

SEC. 106. Whoever shall willfully set on fire, or cause to be set on fire, any timber, underbrush, or grass upon the public domain, or shall leave or suffer fire to burn unattended near any timber or other inflammable material, shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both. (Act of Mar. 4, 1909, sec. 52—35 Stat. 1098.)

SEC. 107. Whoever shall build a fire in or near any forest, timber, or other inflammable material upon the public domain shall, before leaving said fire, totally extinguish the same; and whoever shall fail to do so shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. (Act of Mar. 4, 1909, sec. 53—35 Stat. 1098.)

PROCLAMATION ESTABLISHING GAME PRESERVE ON WICHITA NATIONAL FOREST

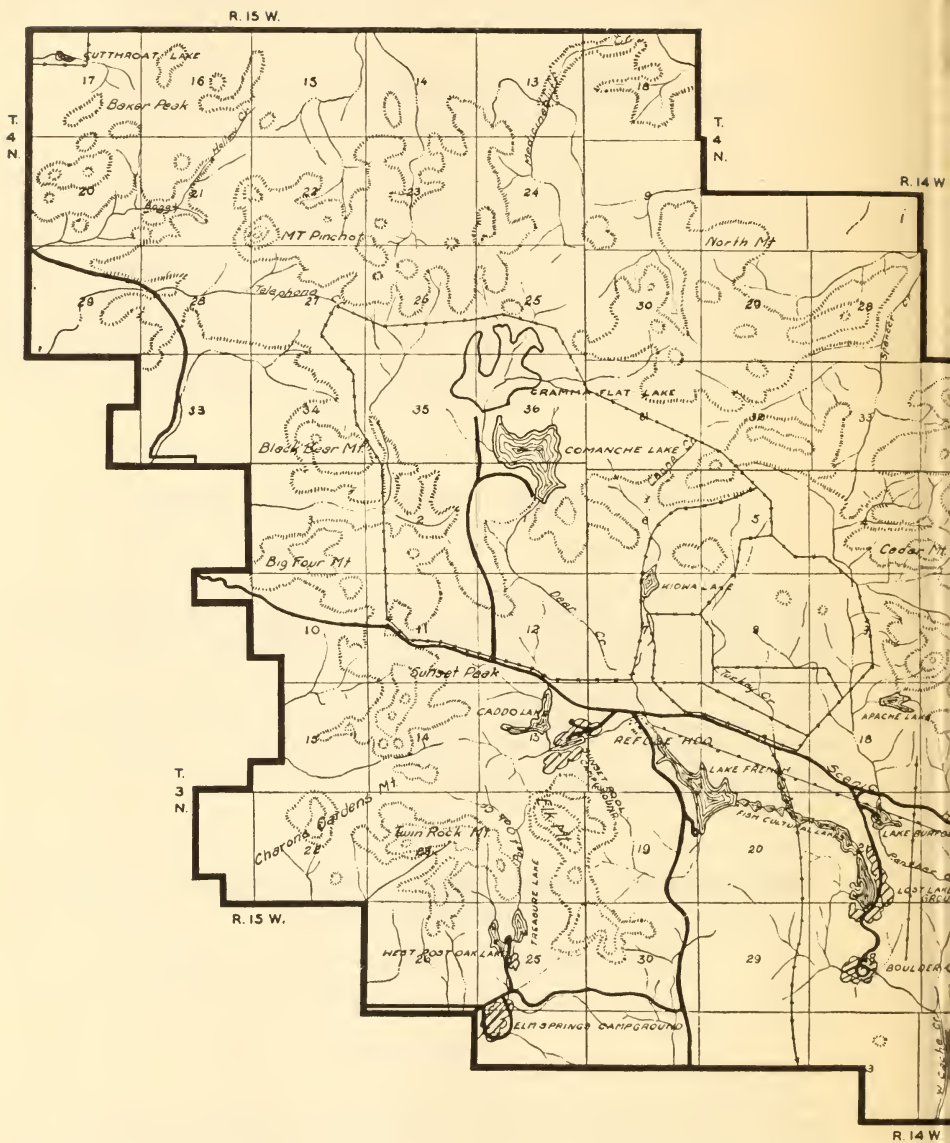
By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION

[34 Stat. 3062]

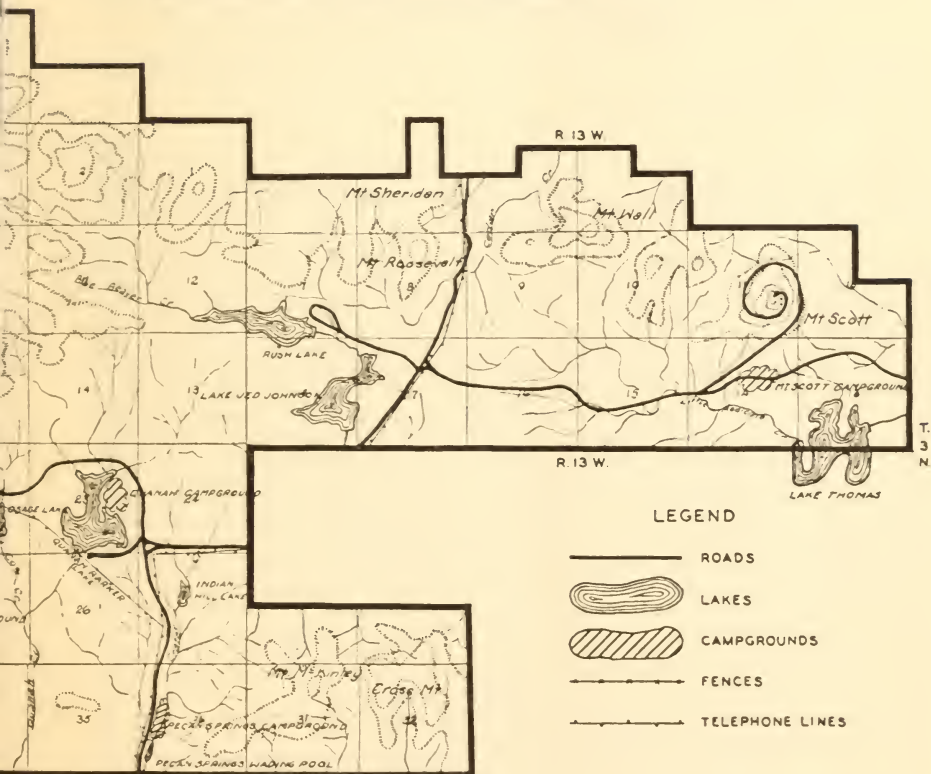
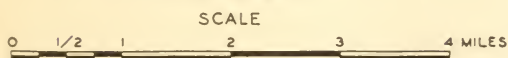
WHEREAS, it is provided by the act of Congress, approved January twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred and five, entitled "An act for the protection of wild animals and birds in the Wichita Forest Reserve". That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to designate such areas in the Wichita Forest Reserve as should, in his opinion, be set aside for the protection of game animals and birds and be recognized as a breeding place therefor.

"SEC. 2. That when such areas have been designated as provided for in section one of this act, hunting, trapping, killing, or capturing of game animals and birds upon the lands of the United States within the limits of said areas shall be unlawful, except under such regulations as may be prescribed from time to time, by the Secretary of Agriculture; and any person violating such regulations or the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misde-



BUREAU OF BIOLOGICAL SURVEY
DIVISION OF GAME MANAGEMENT

WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE
OKLAHOMA



LEGEND

- ROADS
- LAKES
- CAMPGROUNDS
- FENCES
- TELEPHONE LINES

meanor, and shall, upon conviction in any United States court of competent jurisdiction be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars or be imprisoned for a period not exceeding one year, or shall suffer both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

"SEC. 3. That it is the purpose of this act to protect from trespass the public lands of the United States and the game animals and birds which may be thereon, and not to interfere with the operation of the local game laws as affecting private, State, or Territorial lands." (Act of Jan. 24, 1905, 33 Stat. 614.)

And whereas, for the purpose of giving this act effect, it appears desirable that the entire Wichita Forest Reserve be declared a game preserve:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, THEODORE ROOSEVELT, President of the United States, by virtue of the power in me vested by the aforesaid Act of Congress, do hereby make known and proclaim that the Wichita Forest Reserve, in the Territory of Oklahoma, is designated and set aside for the protection of game animals and birds, and shall be recognized as a breeding place therefor, and that the hunting, trapping, killing or capturing of game animals and birds upon the lands of the United States within the limits of said area is unlawful, except under such regulations as may be prescribed from time to time by the Secretary of Agriculture.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2nd day of June, in the year
[SEAL] of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and five, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-ninth.

By the President:

FRANCIS B. LOOMIS,
Acting Secretary of State.

T. ROOSEVELT.

BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION OF THE WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE

The following is a description of the lands embraced in the Wichita Forest Reserve as established by Proclamation of July 4, 1901 (32 Stat. 1973), which was designated as a game preserve by the proclamation of June 2, 1905:

Beginning at the south-east corner of township three (3) north, range fourteen (14) west, Indian Meridian, Territory of Oklahoma; thence north along the township line to the north-east corner of section twenty-four (24), township three (3) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence east on the section line to the south-east corner of section thirteen (13), township three (3) north, range thirteen (13) west; thence north along the range line between ranges twelve (12), and thirteen (13) west, to the north-east corner of the south-east quarter of section twelve (12), township three (3) north, range thirteen (13) west; thence west to the south-west corner of the north-west quarter of section twelve (12), township three (3) north, range thirteen (13) west; thence north to the south-west corner of section one (1), township three (3) north, range thirteen (13) west; thence west along the section line between sections two (2) and eleven (11), to the south-west corner of section two (2), township three (3) north, range thirteen (13) west; thence north along the section line between sections two (2) and three (3) to the south-east corner of the north-east quarter of section three (3), township three (3) north, range thirteen (13) west; thence west along the center line of sections three (3), four (4), five (5), and six (6), to the south-west corner of the northwest quarter of section six (6), township three (3), north, range thirteen (13) west; thence north along the range line between ranges thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) west to the north-east corner of section one (1), township three (3) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence west along the township line between townships three (3) and four (4) north to the north-west corner of section two (2), township three (3) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence north to the northeast corner of section thirty-four (34), township four (4) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence west to the northwest corner of section thirty-four (34), township four (4) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence north to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section twenty-one (21), township four (4) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence west to the southwest corner of the northwest quarter of section twenty (20), township four (4) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence north to the northeast corner of section eighteen (18), township four (4) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence west to the northwest corner of section seven-

teen (17), township four (4) north, range fifteen (15) west; thence south to the southwest corner of section twenty-nine (29), township four (4) north, range fifteen (15) west; thence east to the southeast corner of section twenty-nine (29), township four (4) north, range fifteen (15) west; thence south to the southwest corner of section thirty-three (33), township four (4) north, range fifteen (15) west; thence east to the southwest corner of said section thirty-three (33), township four (4) north, range fifteen (15) west; thence south to the southwest corner of the northwest quarter of section ten (10), township three (3) north, range fifteen (15) west; thence east to the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section ten; thence south to the southwest corner of section twenty-six (26), township three (3) north, range fifteen (15) west; thence east to the southeast corner of said section twenty-six (26); thence south to the southwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty-six (36), township three (3) north, range fifteen (15) west; thence east to the center of section thirty-three (33), township three (3) north, range fourteen (14) west; thence south to the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of said section thirty-three (33); thence east along the township line between townships two (2) and three (3) north to the southeast corner of township three (3) north, range fourteen (14) west, the place of beginning.

ORDER RESPECTING ADMINISTRATION OF THE WICHITA NATIONAL FOREST AND GAME PRESERVE

In order to accommodate the game management program of the Bureau of Biological Survey on the Wichita Game Refuge, on the Wichita National Forest, established pursuant to authority contained in the act of January 24, 1905 (33 Stat., 614), to the administration of the area comprising said national forest and game preserve and under authority of section 161, Revised Statutes and otherwise, it is ordered that, effective April 1, 1935, the administration of said national forest and game preserve will be under the supervision of the Chief of the Bureau of Biological Survey, and the Forester is hereby authorized and directed to cooperate with the Chief of said Biological Survey in all ways practicable in carrying out the purposes and objects of this order.

H. A. WALLACE, *Secretary*.

MARCH 5, 1935.

EXECUTIVE ORDER ENLARGING WICHITA NATIONAL GAME PRESERVE

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me as President of the United States, and in order to effectuate further the purpose of the act of January 24, 1905 (33 Stat. 614), for the protection of wild animals and birds in the Wichita National Forest, in Oklahoma, it is ordered that, subject to valid existing rights, the following-described lands within the Wichita National Forest be, and they are hereby, designated and set aside for the use of the Department of Agriculture as an addition to the Wichita National Game Preserve as established by proclamation of June 2, 1905 (34 Stat. 3062):

INDIAN MERIDIAN

- T. 3 N., R. 13 W., sec. 3, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 4, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 5, lot 2, and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 12, NW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 29, lots 1 to 4, inclusive, and N $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 30, lots 3 and 4, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 31, all;
 sec. 32, all;
 T. 4 N., R. 14 W., sec. 35, S $\frac{1}{2}$ E;
 T. 3 N., R. 15 W., sec. 9, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 10, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 15, lot 4, NE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, and SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 21, NE $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 22, all;
 T. 4 N., R. 15 W., sec. 32, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$.

It is unlawful within this area (a) to hunt, trap, capture, willfully disturb, or kill any wild animal or bird, to occupy or use any part of the reservation, or to enter thereon for any purpose, except under such rules and regulations

as may be prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture; (b) to cut, burn, or destroy any timber, underbrush, grass, or other natural growth; (c) willfully to leave fire or to suffer it to burn unattended near any forest, timber, or other inflammable material; (d) after building a fire in or near any forest, timber, or other inflammable material, to leave it without totally extinguishing it; and (e) willfully to injure, molest, or destroy any property of the United States.

All persons are hereby informed that sections 52, 53 (as amended), and 84 (as amended) of the Criminal Code of the United States (secs. 106, 107, 145, title 18, U. S. C. O., and section 14 of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act of February 18, 1929 (sec. 715m, title 16, U. S. C.)), prescribe penalties for the commission of the offenses enumerated in the preceding paragraph.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

THE WHITE HOUSE,

July 26, 1935.

[No. 7116]

PROVISION IN THE AGRICULTURAL APPROPRIATION ACT TRANSFERRING JURISDICTION TO THE BIOLOGICAL SURVEY OVER THE WICHITA NATIONAL FOREST AND GAME PRESERVE AND DESIGNATING THE AREA AS THE WICHITA MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE REFUGE

[Act of June 4, 1936, 49 Stat. 1446]

Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For the maintenance of the Montana National Bison Range, . . . the Wichita National Forest and Game Preserve, to constitute and be designated and administered as the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge, and other reservations and for the maintenance of game introduced into suitable localities on public lands under supervision of the Biological Survey, including construction of fencing, wardens' quarters, shelters for animals, landings, roads, trails, bridges, ditches, telephone lines, rockwork, bulkheads, and other improvements necessary for the economical administration and protection of the reservations, and for the enforcement of section 84 of the act approved March 4, 1909 (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 145), entitled "An act to codify, revise, and amend the penal laws of the United States", and acts amendatory thereto, and section 10 of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act of February 18, 1929 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 715i). . . . *Provided*, That . . . \$1,000 may be used for the maintenance of the herd of longhorned cattle on the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge.

REVOCATION OF FORMER PROCLAMATIONS

WICHITA NATIONAL FOREST—OKLAHOMA

By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it appears that it would be in the public interest to revoke the proclamations of July 4, 1901 (32 Stat. 1973), May 29, 1906 (34 Stat. 3207), and October 13, 1910 (36 Stat. 2754), establishing, enlarging, and modifying the Wichita National Forest, Oklahoma:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the act of June 4, 1897, 30 Stat. 1, 11, 36 (16 U. S. C., sec. 473), and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture, do hereby revoke the aforesaid proclamations.

This proclamation is not intended to release any lands from the game preserve known as the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge, as established, enlarged, and designated by the proclamation of June 2, 1905 (34 Stat. 3062), by

the executive order of July 26, 1935 (No. 7116), and by the provision in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1937, approved June 4, 1936.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 27 day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-six, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixty-first.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

By the President :

R. WALTON MOORE,

Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 2211]

LAW PROVIDING PUNISHMENT FOR KILLING OR ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICERS

[Act of Feb. 8, 1936, 49 Stat. 1105]

That whoever shall kill, as defined in sections 273 or 274 of the Criminal Code, any United States marshal or deputy United States marshal, special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, post-office inspector, Secret Service operative, any officer or enlisted man of the Coast Guard, any employee of any United States penal or correctional institution, any officer of the Customs Service or of the Internal Revenue Service, any immigrant inspector or any immigration patrol inspector, any officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture designated by the Secretary of Agriculture to enforce any act of Congress for the protection, preservation, or restoration of game and other wild birds and animals, any officer or employee of the National Park Service, any officer or employee of, or assigned to duty in, the field service of the Division of Grazing of the Department of the Interior, or any officer or employee of the Indian field service of the United States, while engaged in the performance of his official duties, or on account of the performance of his official duties, shall be punished as provided under section 275 of the Criminal Code.

SEC. 2. Whoever shall forcibly resist, oppose, impede, intimidate, or interfere with any person designated in section 1 hereof while engaged in the performance of his official duties, or shall assault him on account of the performance of his official duties, shall be fined not more than \$5,000, or imprisoned not more than 3 years, or both; and whoever, in the commission of any of the acts described in this section, shall use a deadly or dangerous weapon shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA



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